



12/12/2024

Christie Lites Coventry
40 Sayer Dr
Coventry, CV5 9PF
Attn: Ryan Brown

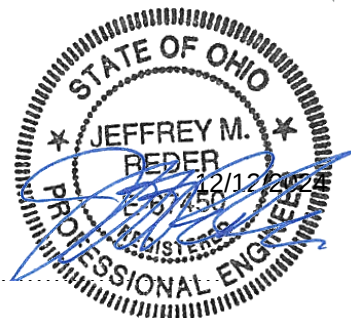
RE: B Truss – Rotated 45 Degrees Load Tables
CRE Project #: 24.915.09

Dear Ryan:

At your request, Clark Reder Engineering has reviewed the Christie Lites Type B aluminum box truss for allowable loading on the truss rotated 45 degrees. Load tables have been created for a 16' span per the requirements set forth in the 2020 Aluminum Design Manual as well as ANSI E1.2-2021, Entertainment Technology, Design, Manufacture, and Use of Aluminum Truss and Towers. Attached please find the allowable loading tables for your use.

We trust this information is suitable for your needs at this time. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

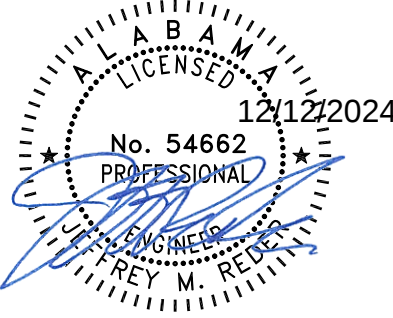
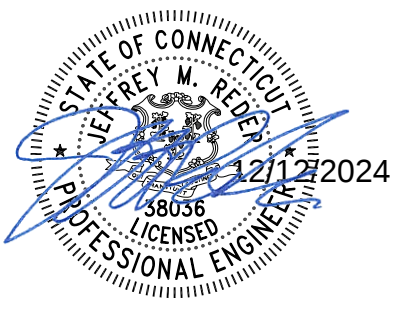
Regards,
Clark-Reder Engineering, Inc.

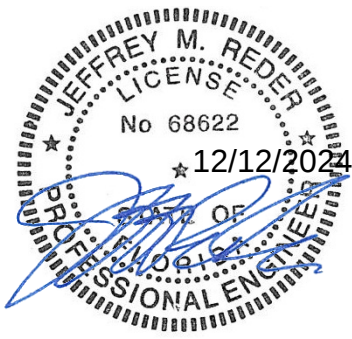
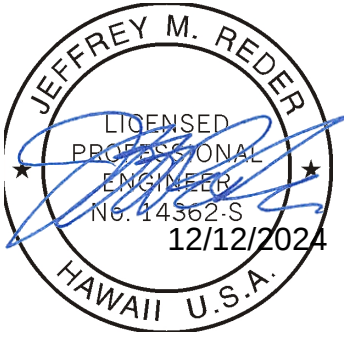
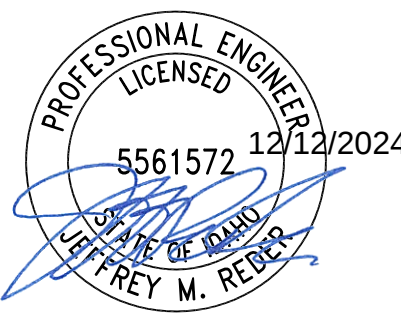
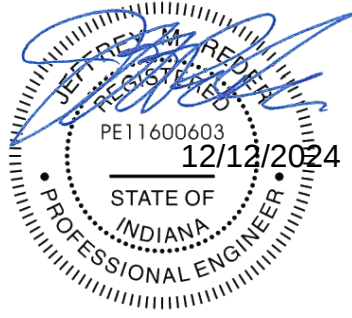
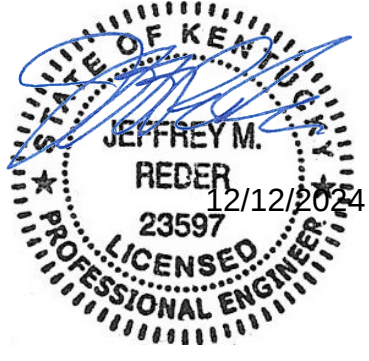


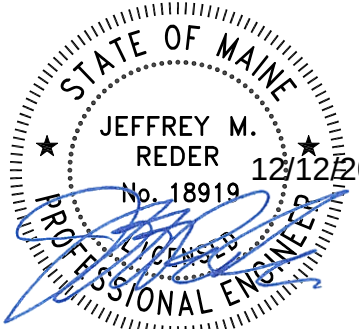
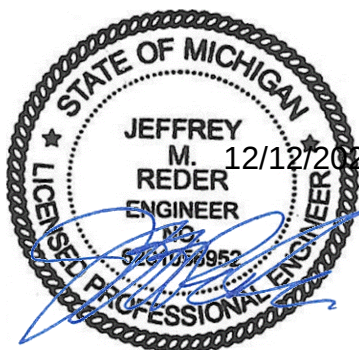
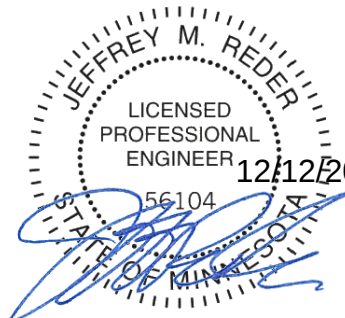
Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E.

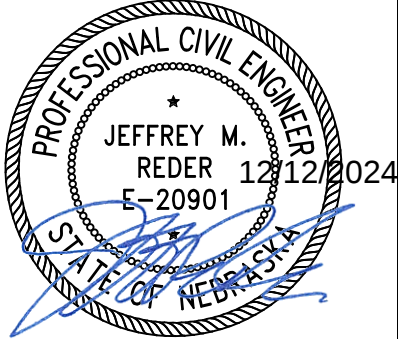
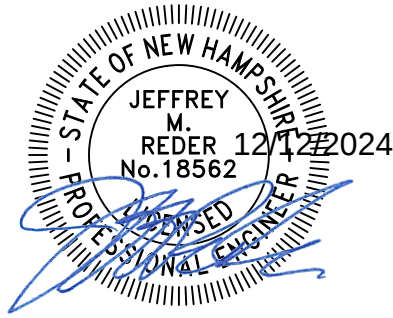
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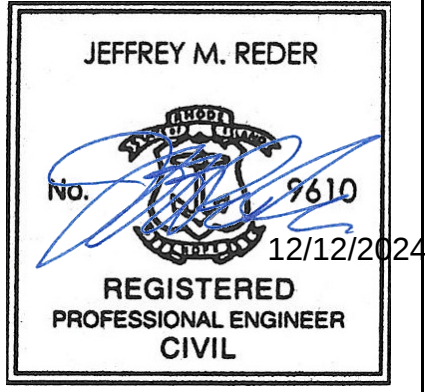
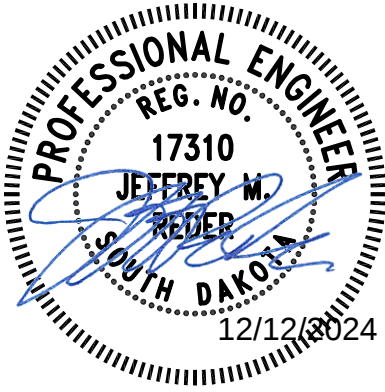
Carson Becker, E.I.

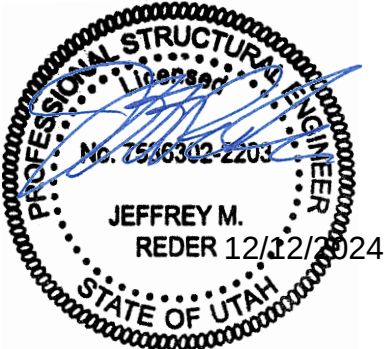
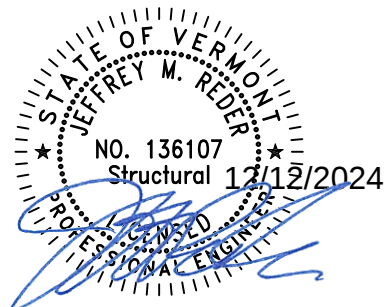
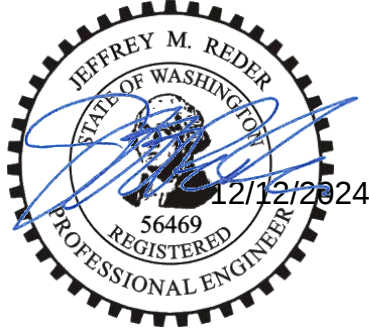
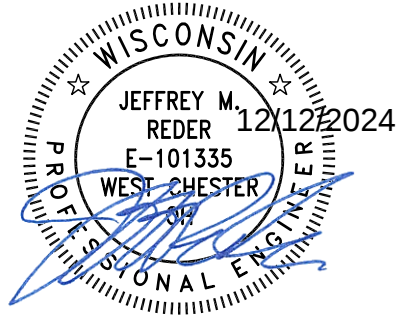
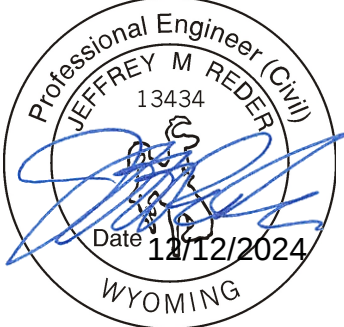
Alabama  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 54662	Alaska	Arizona  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 50654
Arkansas  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 23061	California  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # C70581	Colorado  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # PE0051394
Connecticut  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 38036	Delaware  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 17438	District of Columbia  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # S920119

Florida  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 68622	Georgia  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # PE034581	Hawaii  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 14362-S
Idaho  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 5561572	Illinois  Clark Reder Engineering, Inc. is a professional design firm registered in Illinois #184.006693 Jeffrey M. Reder, S.E. P.E. # 81006866	Indiana  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # PE11600603
Iowa  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 19998	Kansas  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 30951	Kentucky  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 23597

Louisiana  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 30304	Maine  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 18919	Maryland  Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License # 38421, Expiration Date: 1/29/2025 Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 38421
Massachusetts  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 48535	Michigan  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 6201056952	Minnesota  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 56104
Mississippi  "I have reviewed this document in sufficient depth to accept full responsibility for its contents and to assure code compliance and coordination" Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 35564	Missouri  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # PE-2010003345	Montana

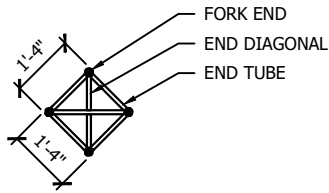
Nebraska  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # E-20901	Nevada  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 020117	New Hampshire  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 56104
New Jersey  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 24GE05300600	New Mexico  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 30232	New York  It is a violation of law for any person, unless acting under the direction of a licensed professional engineer, to alter this document in any way. If any part of this document is altered, the altering engineer shall affix to this document their seal and the notation "altered by" followed by their signature, the date, and description. Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 097763-1
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Oklahoma  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 24780	Oregon  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 93904PE	Pennsylvania  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # PE77455
Rhode Island  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 9610	South Carolina  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 35797	South Carolina  Clark Reder Engineering # 4827
South Dakota  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 17310	Tennessee  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 00113846	Texas  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 124100 Clark Reder Engineering F-12154

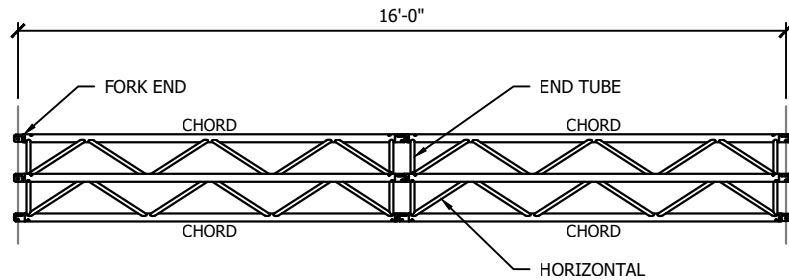
Utah  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 7536302-2203	Vermont  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 136107	Virginia  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 402061022
Washington  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 56469	West Virginia  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 18628	Wisconsin  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # E-101335
Wyoming  Jeffrey M. Reder, P.E. P.E. # 13434		



ISOMETRIC VIEW



END VIEW



TOP VIEW

CHRISTIE LITES B TRUSS DIAGONAL TRUSS TABLE

TRUSS SPAN	UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD		CENTER POINT LOAD		THIRD POINT LOAD		QUARTER POINT LOAD		2'-0" INCREMENT POINT LOAD	
	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION
16'-0"	245 lb/ft	0.343 in	1,450 lbs	0.226 in	540 lbs	0.139 in	470 lbs	0.171 in	425 lbs	0.309 in

PARTS LIST

CHORDS	2"Øx $\frac{1}{8}$ " TUBE
DIAGONALS	1"Øx $\frac{1}{8}$ " TUBE
END TUBES	1"Øx $\frac{1}{8}$ " TUBE
FORK ENDS	ALUMINUM

NOTES:

- ALL ALUMINUM IS 6082-T6 OR 6061-T6
- ALL WELD FILLER IS 4043

TABLE USAGE NOTES:

- THE TRUSS IS ROTATED 45 DEGREES AND IS SUPPORTING VERTICAL LOADS ONLY. NO LATERAL LOADS WERE APPLIED TO THE TRUSS.
- THE TRUSS WAS ANALYZED AS A SIMPLE SPAN BEAM WITH SUPPORTS AT TRUSS ENDS ONLY.
- THE TRUSS HAS BEEN ANALYZED FOR STATIC LOADS ONLY.
- ALL LOADS ARE APPLIED TO THE BOTTOM CHORD OF THE TRUSS.
- ALL SUPPORTS ARE TO BE LOCATED AT THE PANEL POINTS OF THE TRUSS ONLY.
- SELF WEIGHT HAS BEEN CONSIDERED IN THE ANALYSIS OF THE TRUSS.
- MAXIMUM DEFLECTION LIMITED TO SPAN/180.
- ALLOWABLE LOADS BASED ON 2020 ALUMINUM DESIGN MANUAL.

CHRISTIE LIGHTS B TRUSS DIAGONAL

SINGLE USE



10091 Mosteller Lane
West Chester, OH 45069
513 851 1223

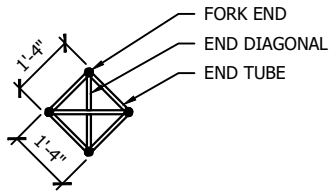
TRUSS TABLE

DATE: 12/12/2024
CRE PROJECT NO: 24.915.09
DRAWN BY: CJB/MAL

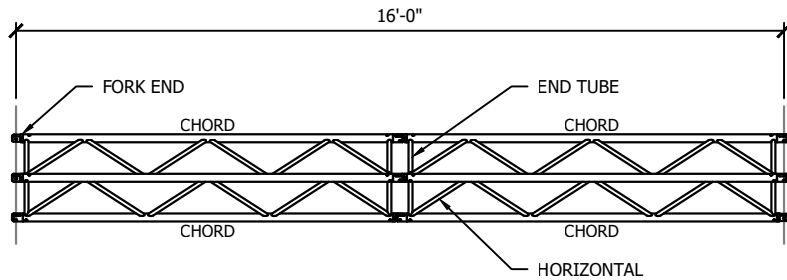
ST1.1



ISOMETRIC VIEW



END VIEW



TOP VIEW

CHRISTIE LITES B TRUSS DIAGONAL TRUSS TABLE

TRUSS SPAN	UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD		CENTER POINT LOAD		THIRD POINT LOAD		QUARTER POINT LOAD		2'-0" INCREMENT POINT LOAD	
	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION	LOAD	DEFLECTION
16'-0"	209 lb/ft	0.292 in	1,233 lbs	0.193 in	459 lbs	0.119 in	400 lbs	0.146 in	361 lbs	0.263 in

PARTS LIST

CHORDS	2"Øx $\frac{1}{8}$ " TUBE
DIAGONALS	1"Øx $\frac{1}{8}$ " TUBE
END TUBES	1"Øx $\frac{1}{8}$ " TUBE
FORK ENDS	ALUMINUM

NOTES:

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- ALL LOADS ARE APPLIED TO THE BOTTOM CHORD OF THE TRUSS.
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- SELF WEIGHT HAS BEEN CONSIDERED IN THE ANALYSIS OF THE TRUSS.
- MAXIMUM DEFLECTION LIMITED TO SPAN/180.
- ALLOWABLE LOADS BASED ON 2020 ALUMINUM DESIGN MANUAL.
- ALLOWABLE LOADS BASED ON 2020 ALUMINUM DESIGN MANUAL. ALL CAPACITIES ARE REDUCED TO 0.85 PER ANSI E1.2-2012 FOR REPETITIVE USE MEMBERS

CHRISTIE LIGHTS B TRUSS DIAGONAL

REPETITIVE USE



10091 Mosteller Lane
West Chester, OH 45069
513 851 1223

TRUSS TABLE

DATE: 12/12/2024

CRE PROJECT NO: 24.915.09

DRAWN BY: CJB/MAL

ST1.2

B Diagonal Truss Truss Load Span Tables - Rotated 45 Degrees

Codes and Referenced Standards

- Aluminum Design Manual, 2020 ed.
- ANSI E 1.2-2021 *"Manufacture and Use of Aluminum Trusses and Towers"*

Project Description

- This standard truss is a box truss fabricated from 6061-T6
- The truss is 16" deep x 16" wide.
- The chords will be composed of 2" diameter x 1/8" thick round tubes.
- The diagonals will be composed of 1" diameter x 1/8" thick round tubes.

Analysis Assumptions/Design Criteria

- The truss is supporting vertical loads only
- Truss is rotated 45 degrees so the loads are applied to the bottom chord only.
- The truss is analyzed as a simple span beam. Truss support points are located at truss panel points.
- The truss will be analyzed for static loads only.
- All loads are applied at the panel points of the truss as to not induce local bending stresses in the chords.

General Design - Applies To All Assemblies

Steel/Aluminum Factors of Safety

Note: The following factors/design criteria applies to all assemblies and will be used throughout design package (U.N.O.).

AISC Typical Factors of Safety (U.N.O.):

$$\Omega_{y.AISC} := 1.67$$

$$\Omega_{r.AISC} := 2.0$$

ADM Typical Factors of Safety (U.N.O.):

$$\Omega_{y.ADM} := 1.65$$

$$\Omega_{r.ADM} := 1.95$$

6061-T6 Mechanical Properties

Unwelded

Welded

Tension Ultimate Stress:

$$F_{tu.6061} := 38 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

$$F_{tuw.6061} := 24 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

Tension Yield Stress:

$$F_{ty.6061} := 35 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

$$F_{tyw.6061} := 15 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

Compression Yield Stress:

$$F_{cy.6061} := 35 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

$$F_{cyw.6061} := 15 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

Shear yield stress:

$$F_{sy.6061} := 0.6 \cdot F_{ty.6061} = 21.00 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_{syw.6061} := 0.6 \cdot F_{tyw.6061} = 9.00 \text{ ksi}$$

Ultimate shear stress:

$$F_{su.6061} := 24 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

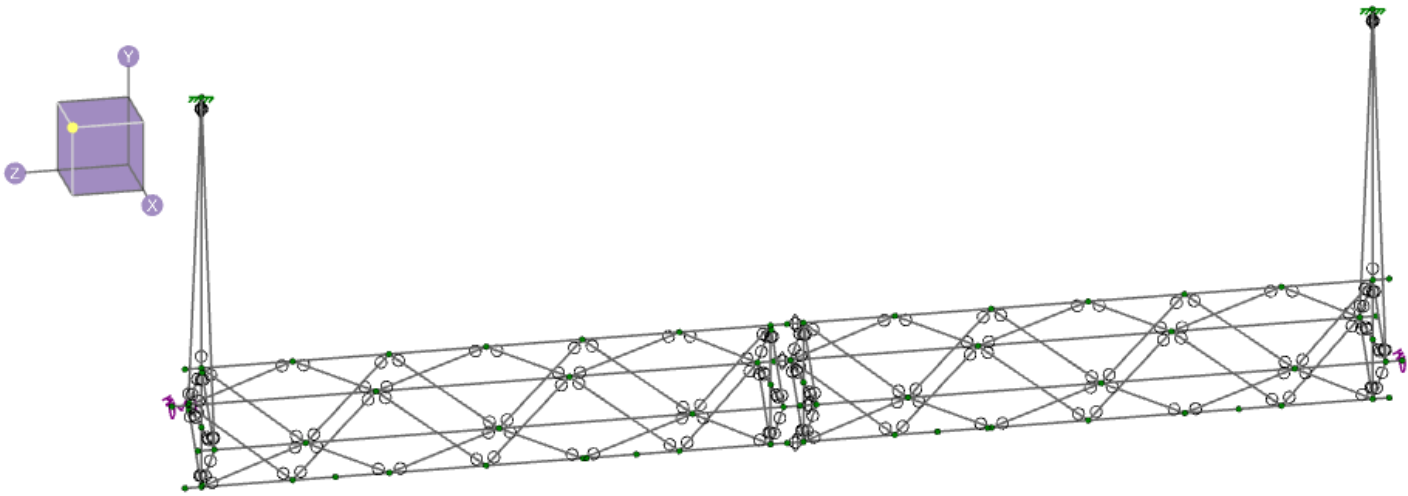
$$F_{suw.6061} := 15 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

Tension coefficient:

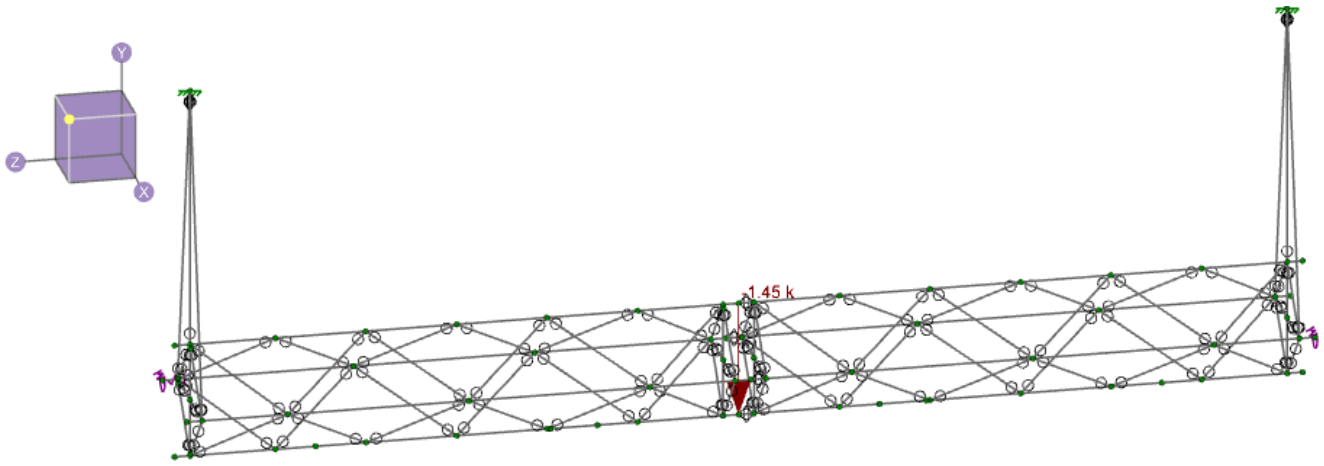
$$k_{t.6061} := 1.0$$

$$k_{tw.6061} := 1.0$$

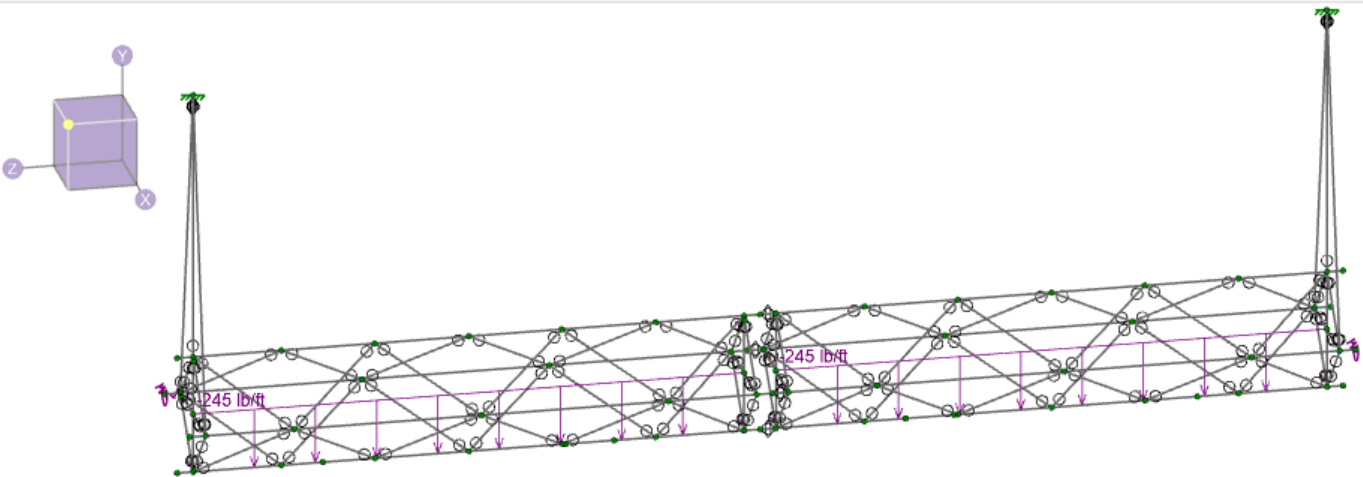
Risa Model & Framing Review



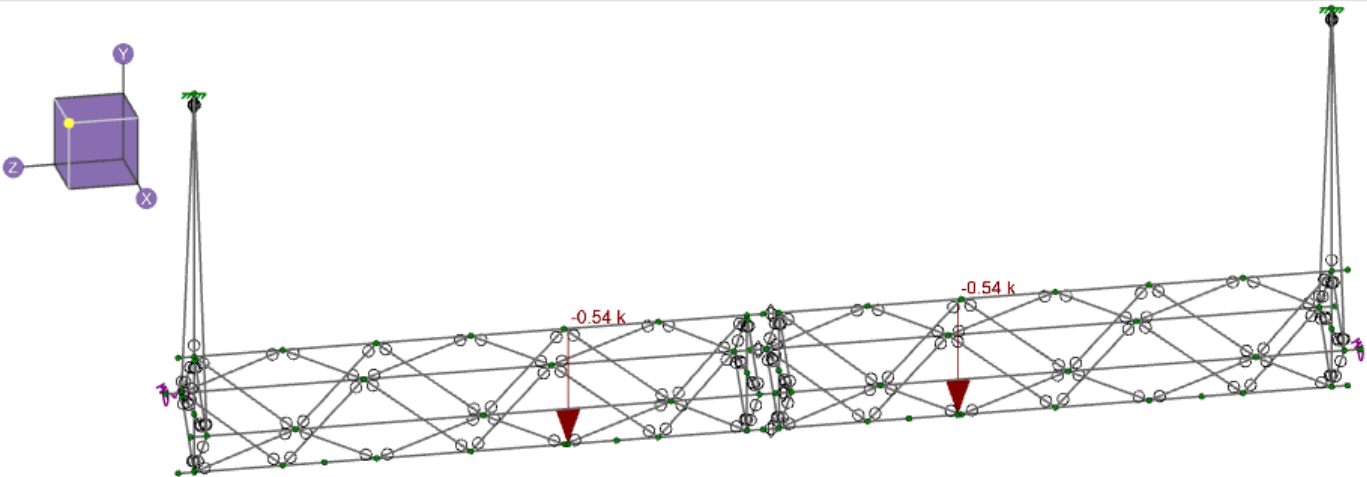
Risa 3D Model



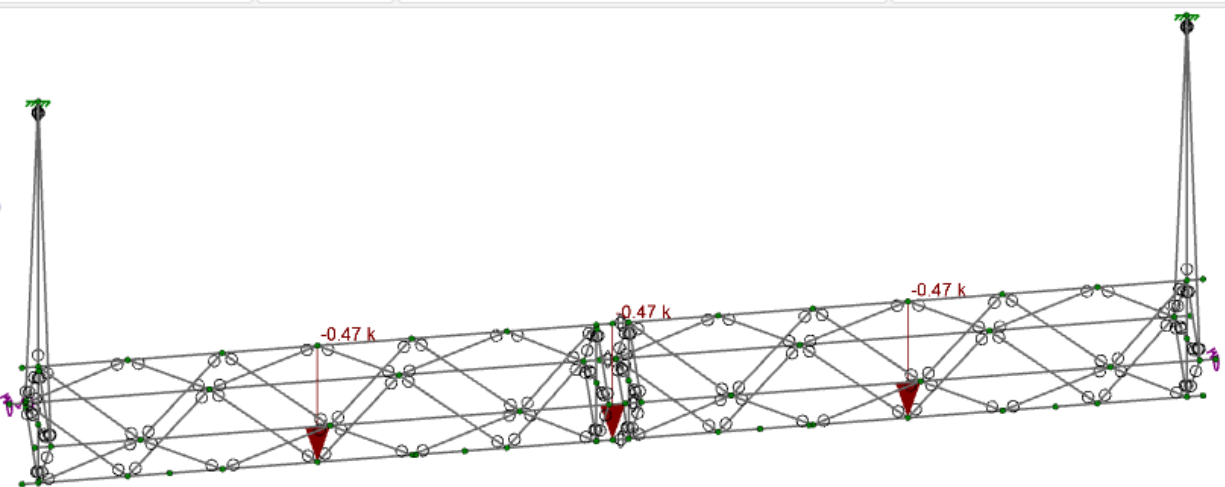
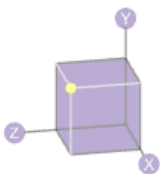
Center Point Loads



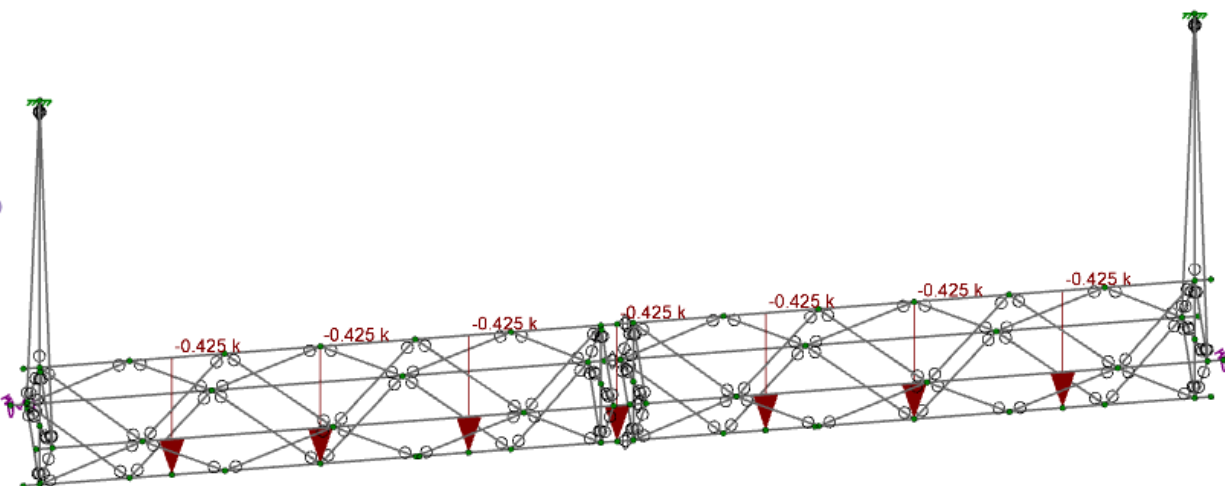
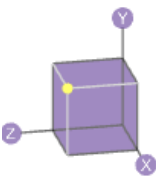
Uniformly Distributed Loads



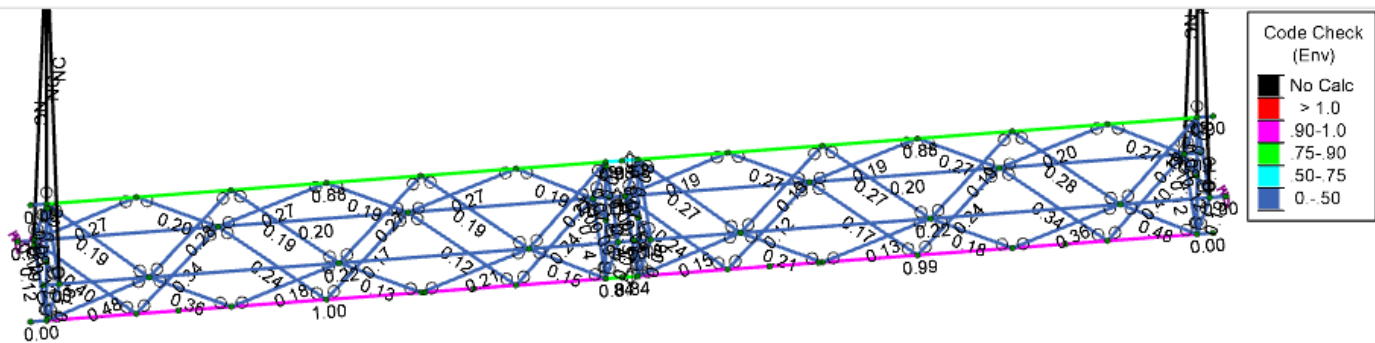
3rd Point Loads



4rd Point Loads



2' Increments

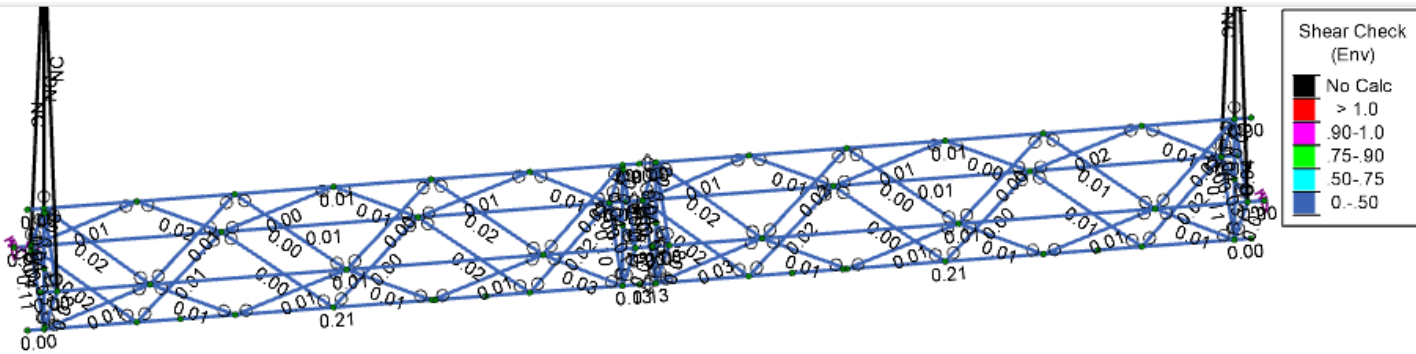


Envelope AA ADM1-20: ASD - Building Aluminum Code Checks

Hot Rolled Steel		Cold Formed Steel	Wood	Concrete Beams		Concrete Columns		Aluminum	
	Member	Shape	Code Check	Loc[in]	LC	Shear Check	Loc[in]	Dir	LC
1	M109	2.000ODX0.125	0.996	61.137	3	0.206	61.137		5
2	M103	2.000ODX0.125	0.993	29.613	3	0.206	29.613		5
3	M101	2.000ODX0.125	0.879	14.329	3	0.005	0		3
4	M107	2.000ODX0.125	0.879	76.421	3	0.005	90.75		3

Enveloped Member Utilizations

Note: All aluminum member checks are less than 1.0, therefore they meet minimum factors of safety.



Envelope AA ADM1-20: ASD - Building Aluminum Code Checks

Hot Rolled Steel		Cold Formed Steel	Wood	Concrete Beams		Concrete Columns		Aluminum	
	Member	Shape	Code Check	Loc[in]	LC	Shear Check	Loc[in]	Dir	LC
1	M109	2.000ODX0.125	0.996	61.137	3	0.206	61.137		5
2	M103	2.000ODX0.125	0.993	29.613	3	0.206	29.613		5
3	M110	2X.5	0.842	0	4	0.133	0	y	4

Enveloped Member Shear Utilizations

Note: All aluminum member checks are less than 1.0, therefore they meet minimum factors of safety.

Aluminum Forked End

6061-T6 Extrusion Mechanical Properties

	<u>Unwelded</u>	<u>Welded</u>
Tension Yield Stress:	$F_{ty} := 35 \cdot \text{ksi}$	$F_{tyw} := 15 \cdot \text{ksi}$
Ultimate Tensile Stress:	$F_{tu} := 38 \cdot \text{ksi}$	$F_{tuw} := 24 \cdot \text{ksi}$
Compression Yield Stress:	$F_{cy} := 35 \cdot \text{ksi}$	$F_{cyw} := 15 \cdot \text{ksi}$
Shear yield stress:	$F_{sy} := 0.6 \cdot F_{ty} = 21.00 \text{ ksi}$	$F_{syw} := 0.6 \cdot F_{tyw} = 9.00 \text{ ksi}$
Ultimate shear stress:	$F_{su} := 24 \cdot \text{ksi}$	$F_{suw} := 15 \cdot \text{ksi}$
Tension coefficient:	$k_t := 1.0$	
Thickness of fork:	$t_m := .69 \cdot \text{in}$	
Center of hole to edge:	$L_m := 1 \cdot \text{in}$	
Center of hole to end:	$L_{m_end} := 1.732 \cdot \text{in}$	
Height of plate:	$h_m := 2 \cdot \text{in}$	
Diameter of hole:	$d_{m_hole} := .625 \cdot \text{in}$	

Axial tension - D.2a/b

Allowable stress gross section: $F_{t_D.2_a} := 21.2 \cdot \text{ksi}$

Allowable gross tension: $P_{m_gross} := F_{t_D.2_a} \cdot t_m \cdot h_m$ $P_{m_gross} = 29.26 \text{ kip}$

Allowable stress net section: $F_{t_D.2_b} := 19.5 \cdot \text{ksi}$

Allowable net tension: $P_{m_net} := F_{t_D.2_b} \cdot t_m \cdot \left(h_m - d_{m_hole} + \frac{1}{32} \cdot \text{in} \right)$ $P_{m_net} = 18.92 \text{ kip}$

Bearing - J.6.5

Allowable stress bearing:

$$F_{t_{J.3.7}} := 25.9 \cdot ksi$$

Allowable bearing:

$$P_{m_{brg}} := \frac{L_m \cdot t_m \cdot F_{tu}}{1.5} = 17480.00 \text{ lbf}$$

$$P_{m_{brg}} = 17.48 \text{ kip}$$

Allowable Bearing Check

$$Limit := 1.33 \cdot d_{m_{hole}} \cdot t_m \cdot F_{tu} = 21795.38 \text{ lbf}$$

Check to see if J.6.5 Conditions are met

$$Check := \begin{cases} \text{if } P_{m_{brg}} < Limit \\ \quad \text{"VALID"} \\ \text{else} \\ \quad \text{"NOT VALID"} \end{cases} = \text{"VALID"}$$

Compression - E.3:

Unbraced length: $L_c := L_{m_end}$

Plate moment of inertia: $I_{y_m} := \frac{1}{12} \cdot h_m \cdot t_m^3$ $I_{y_m} = 0.05 \text{ in}^4$

Area of plate: $A_m := t_m \cdot h_m$ $A_m = 1.38 \text{ in}^2$

Radius of gyration: $r_{y_m} := \sqrt{\frac{I_{y_m}}{A_m}}$ $r_{y_m} = 0.20 \text{ in}$

Slenderness: $S_{E.3} := \frac{2.1 \cdot L_{m_end}}{r_{y_m}}$ $S_{E.3} = 18.26$

Allowable stress: $F_{vert_E.3} := \left\| \begin{array}{l} \text{if } S_{E.3} \leq 17.8 \\ \left\| (21.2 \cdot \text{ksi}) \right\| \\ \text{if } (0 < S_{E.3}) \wedge (66 > S_{E.3}) \\ \left\| (0.00047 \cdot S_{E.3}^2 - 0.232 \cdot S_{E.3} + 25.2) \cdot \text{ksi} \right\| \\ \text{if } 66 < S_{E.3} \\ \left\| \left(\frac{51352}{S_{E.3}^2} \right) \cdot \text{ksi} \right\| \end{array} \right\|$ $F_{vert_E.3} = 21.1 \text{ ksi}$

Allowable compression:

Allowable axial $P_{m_comp} := F_{vert_E.3} \cdot t_m \cdot h_m$ $P_{m_comp} = 29.15 \text{ kip}$

force in fork: $P_{allow_fork} := \min(P_{m_gross}, P_{m_net}, P_{m_brg}, P_{m_comp})$

$P_{allow_fork} = 17.48 \text{ kip}$

Diameter of pin: $d_{pin} := .625 \cdot \text{in}$

Pin yield strength: $F_{y_{pin}} := 50 \cdot \text{ksi}$

Pin tensile strength: $F_{u_{pin}} := 65 \cdot \text{ksi}$

Pin shear capacity:

The pin will be in double shear. Use Table J3.2 for nominal stress of fasteners.

Nominal shear stress: $F_{nv_pin} := 0.5 \cdot F_{u_pin}$ $F_{nv_pin} = 32.50 \text{ ksi}$

Area of pin: $A_{pin} := \frac{\pi \cdot d_{pin}^2}{4}$ $A_{pin} = 0.31 \text{ in}^2$

Available double shear capacity of pin: $V_{a_pin} := \frac{F_{nv_pin} \cdot A_{pin}}{2} \cdot 2$ $V_{a_pin} = 9.97 \text{ kip}$

Split Pins

The forks are connected to the aluminum with Split Pins. The Spirol pins are coiled 3/8" diameter pins Use a factor of safety of 2 on the coil pins.

Capacity of coiled spirol pin in double shear: $P_{allow_split_pin} := 16 \cdot \text{kip}$

There are two pins therefore allowable load is: $P_{allow_split} := \frac{(2 \cdot P_{allow_split_pin})}{2}$ $P_{allow_split} = 16.00 \text{ kip}$

Aluminum Bearing

The aluminum chord to split pin bearing shall be checked. There are (4) bearing surfaces.

Thickness of truss chord: $t_{chord} := .125 \cdot \text{in}$

Diameter of coil pin: $d_{split_pin} := 0.375 \cdot \text{in}$

Allowable pin bearing strength in aluminum: $P_{brg_al} := 4 \cdot t_{chord} \cdot d_{split_pin} \cdot 39 \cdot \text{ksi}$ $P_{brg_al} = 7.31 \text{ kip}$

assumes non-weld affected areas

Envelope Member End Reactions								
Sections	Maximums		End Reactions	2nd/1st Moment Ratios				
	Member	Member End		Axial[k]	LC	y Shear[k]	LC	
1	M2	I	max	5.233	3	0	5	
2			min	2.17	5	0	4	
3		J	max	5.233	3	0	5	
4			min	2.17	5	0	4	

Max Fork Ends Axial Reference

Max allowable axial in fork ends: $P_{max.allow} := \min(P_{allow_split}, P_{brg_al}, V_{a_pin}) = 7312.50 \text{ lbf}$

Max required axial in fork ends: $P_{max.req} := 5.3 \text{ kip}$

Note: The required axial is less than the allowable axial in the fork ends so they are ok to handle the intended loads.

Weld Checks

Safety Factors/Weld & Base Metal Properties

Safety Factors

ADM building factor of safety:	$\Omega_{ADM} := 1.95$	Section J.2
ADM factor of safety, shear yielding:	$\Omega_{vy.ADM} := 1.50$	Section J.7.2
ADM factor of safety, shear rupture:	$\Omega_{vr.ADM} := 1.95$	Section J.7.2

Material Properties

Filler metal ultimate tensile strength:	$F_{tuw.wm} := 24 \text{ ksi}$	4043
Base metal welded yield tensile strength:	$F_{tyw.BM} := 15 \text{ ksi}$	6061-T6
Base metal welded ultimate tensile strength:	$F_{tuw.BM} := 24 \text{ ksi}$	
Member metal welded yield tensile strength:	$F_{tyw.MM} := 15 \text{ ksi}$	6061-T6
Member metal welded ultimate tensile strength:	$F_{tuw.MM} := 24 \text{ ksi}$	

Weld Geometry

Member wall thickness:	$t := \frac{1}{8} \text{ in}$
Thickness of base metal:	$t_{base} := \frac{1}{8} \text{ in}$
Weld thickness:	$t_{weld} := \frac{3}{16} \text{ in} = 0.19 \text{ in}$
Weld effective throat:	$t_{we} := \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot t_{weld} = 0.13 \text{ in}$

Weld Strength

Filler metal ultimate tensile strength:	$F_{tuw.wm} = 24.00 \text{ ksi}$	
Base metal welded yield tensile strength:	$F_{tyw.BM} = 15.00 \text{ ksi}$	
Base metal welded ultimate tensile strength:	$F_{tuw.BM} = 24.00 \text{ ksi}$	
Member metal welded yield tensile strength:	$F_{tyw.MM} = 15.00 \text{ ksi}$	
Member metal welded ultimate tensile strength:	$F_{tuw.MM} = 24.00 \text{ ksi}$	
Nominal stress of the base metal (yield):	$F_{nBM.y} := 0.6 F_{tyw.BM} = 9.00 \text{ ksi}$	Table J.2.2
Nominal stress of the base metal (rupture):	$F_{nBM.r} := 0.60 \cdot F_{tuw.BM} = 14.40 \text{ ksi}$	Table J.2.2
Nominal stress of the member metal (yield):	$F_{nMM.y} := 0.6 F_{tyw.BM} = 9.00 \text{ ksi}$	Table J.2.2
Nominal stress of the member metal (rupture):	$F_{nMM.r} := 0.60 \cdot F_{tuw.BM} = 14.40 \text{ ksi}$	Table J.2.2
Nominal stress of the weld metal (shear):	$F_{nw} := 0.60 \cdot (0.85 \cdot F_{tuw.wm}) = 12.24 \text{ ksi}$	Table J.2.2
Shear of weld metal - (per inch):	$R_{a.weld} := \frac{F_{nw} \cdot t_{we}}{\Omega_{ADM}} = 0.83 \frac{\text{kip}}{\text{in}}$	eqn. J.2-2
Shear of base metal - YIELD (per inch):	$R_{a.BM.vy} := \frac{F_{nBM.y} \cdot t_{base}}{\Omega_{vy.ADM}} = 0.75 \frac{\text{kip}}{\text{in}}$	eqn. J.2-1
Shear of base metal - RUPTURE (per inch):	$R_{a.BM.vr} := \frac{F_{nBM.r} \cdot t_{base}}{\Omega_{vr.ADM}} = 0.92 \frac{\text{kip}}{\text{in}}$	eqn. J.2-1
Shear of member metal - YIELD (per inch):	$R_{a.MM.vy} := \frac{F_{nMM.y} \cdot t}{\Omega_{vy.ADM}} = 0.75 \frac{\text{kip}}{\text{in}}$	eqn. J.2-1
Shear of member metal - RUPTURE (per inch):	$R_{a.MM.vr} := \frac{F_{nMM.r} \cdot t}{\Omega_{vr.ADM}} = 0.92 \frac{\text{kip}}{\text{in}}$	eqn. J.2-1
Min. Governing Weld Strength:	$R_{a.fillet.weld.ADM} := \min (R_{a.weld}, R_{a.BM.vy}, R_{a.BM.vr}, R_{a.MM.vy}, R_{a.MM.vr}) = 0.75 \frac{\text{kip}}{\text{in}}$	

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W																									
Diags		Member Section Properties																							
1" ϕ x 0.125" thick		Area	0.344	in ²																					
		I	0.034	in ⁴																					
		S	0.172	in ³																					
		r	0.488	in																					
		J	0.255	in ⁴																					
		D	1	in																					
		Sw	0.785	in ³ /in																					
		Ew	0.133	in																					
		Lw	3.142	in																					
		Allowable Weld Stress																							
		weld		0.75	kip/in																				
		# of member sections from RIS		2																					
		# of first load combo in col A		1																					
		# of total lines of (T) load comb		760																					
		Weld	LC	Start	Stop																				
		0.53	1	18	777																				
		0.00	2	778	1537																				
		0.00	3	1538	2297																				
		0.00	4	2298	3057																				
		0.00	5	3058	3817																				
RISA 3D Results																									
LC	Member	Section	Axial (kip)	Shear Y (kip)	Shear Z (kip)	Torque (k-in)	MY (kip-in)	MZ (kip-in)	Tension	Weld															
1	M5	1	-0.576	0	0	-0.005	0	0	-0.58	0.24															
1	M5	1	-0.576	0	0	-0.005	0	0	-0.58	0.24															
1	M6	1	0.594	0	0	-0.007	0	0	0.00	0.01															
1	M6	1	0.594	0	0	-0.007	0	0	0.00	0.01															
1	M7	1	-0.593	0	0	-0.004	0	0	-0.59	0.25															
1	M7	1	-0.593	0	0	-0.004	0	0	-0.59	0.25															
1" Round Tube Weld Checks																									
Note: All weld checks are less than the allowable of 1.0, therefore all welds meet the minimum allowable factors of safety.																									